

A JVM-based Compiler Strategy for the R Language

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Keywords: R Language Optimization, Java, Compiler

The R programming language has become invaluable for analysis and evaluation of statistical methods. R is a multi-paradigm language with functional characteristics, a dynamic type system and different object systems. These characteristics support the development of statistical algorithms and analyses at a high-level of abstraction. Like for many dynamic languages, R programs are processed by an interpreter. Especially in the domain of statistical learning algorithms and bioinformatics, e.g. when analyzing high-dimensional genomic data, this interpretation often leads to an unacceptably slow execution of computation-intensive R programs. Our goal is to optimize the execution runtime of such R programs. Therefore, we plan to develop a JVM-based compiler strategy including an R-interpreter written in Java and an extensible just-in-time (JiT) compiler.

With the use of an R-interpreter written in Java [1], the execution of R programs could be optimized: By targeting the JVM, JiT compilation is enabled within the interpreter code. However, transferring the R interpretation process to the JVM does not automatically lead to high optimization potential, because R programs still need to be interpreted. Additional source level optimizations should be applied to the intermediate representation (IR) produced by the R-parser. Although JiT compilation could already speed up the interpretation process, the native JiT-compiler is not aware of the R language and its specific optimization needs. In order to push more aggressive optimizations, the JiT-compiler should be extended by knowledge about R characteristics to enable language specific low-level optimizations and generate highly optimized machine code. For this purpose, the Graal JiT-compiler [2], which is especially designed for extensibility, should be employed.

On our poster we present our optimization ideas and development plans for the JVM-based compiler strategy for the R Language.

References

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