F1/10 - Autonomous Racing

Kuan-Hsun Chen Junjie Shi

LS 12, TU Dortmund







Short summary of the introductory talk

What is this project group about?







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• Develop and implement algorithms to finish a racing track autonomously and as fast as possible using a 1:10 RC car.









Competitions

- Yearly international competition F1/10: Student groups compete with each other.
- In parallel: Project-group *F1/10 Autonomous Racing* at the faculty of Informatik.
- Short-Term: At the end of the first semester there will be a competition against the Informatik team.
- Long-Term: Building a TU Dortmund F1/10 Team.







What are the goals?

Minimal requirements:

• Fully autonomous finishing of the racetrack.

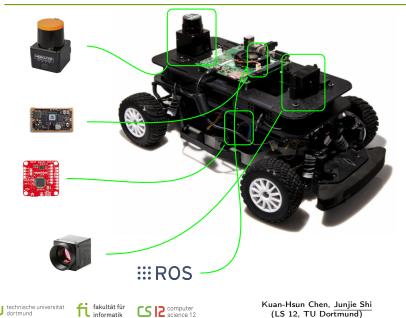
Wishful:

- Algorithms for aggressive maneuvering.
- Overtaking, optimal trajectories, controlled drifting...
- JetsonTX2 hosts a GPU with 256 NVIDIA CUDA cores ⇒ Deep Learning techniques e.g., Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) or complex computer vision algorithms are computationally feasible.
- You choose the concepts and algorithms!

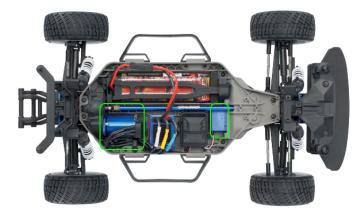




Sensing & Perception



Actuation









Actuation



Servo (steering)

- Torque: 9kg · cm
- Speed: 0.17*sec*/60°

BLDC (powertrain)

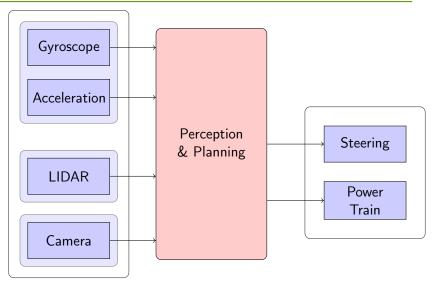
- RPM/volt: 3500 (10-turn)
- Max RPM: 50,000
- Current: 65A constant / 100A peak/burst





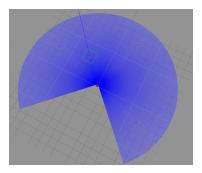


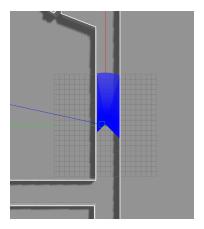
System Architecture





Localization & Mapping









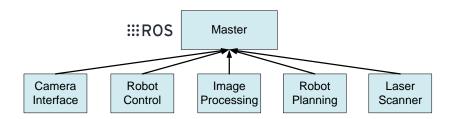


Localization & Mapping

- Map of the environment is measured by the car's sensors \implies relative to the car's pose.
- Map depends on the car's pose and the car's pose depends on the knowledge about the car's localization on the map.
- Is considered a fundamental problem for autonomous robots.
- SLAM (simultaneous localization and mapping) is a technique for creating a map of the environment and determining the robot's position at the same time.
- Many existing different SLAM approaches.



ROS: Robot Operating System

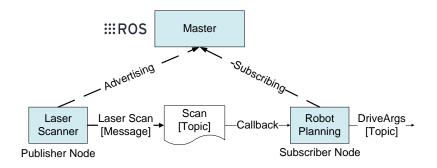


- It is a distributed framework of Nodes.
- Each node runs as a single process individually.
- Nodes in ROS can be written by using C++ Python or (Java).
- Communication with topics and messages.

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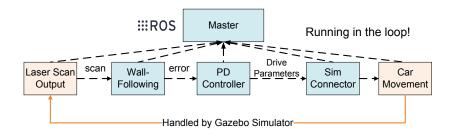
- Topics are channels over which nodes exchange messages.
- Messages are the data structure for a topic.
 - float32 angle_min, angle_max, scan_time, range_min, etc.





Gazebo Simulator

• Gazebo simulates robots with physics engine, a suite of sensors, and graphical interfaces.







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Model Predictive Control on drifting models¹ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1AR2-OHCxsQ

¹Thanks to Alexander Puzicha for providing this link

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Schedules and organizationals







Estimated schedule for the next semester

Task	Weeks
Introductory Phase	3
Seminar	
Projectplan	
Tutorials and Problem Identification	
Analysis Phase	4
Physical modeling of the RC-car	
Identify minimal set of functionality for autonoums driving	
Identify problems, usable approaches and algorithms	
Analyse race tracks and race relevant objectives	
Concept and Design Phase e.g.,	6
Control and Trajectory planning	
SLAM	
Sensor processing and Fusion	
Validationphase	2
Demonstration and mock race	
Documentation and Presentation	1

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What should you know?

- Knowledgeable of Python programming.
- Knowledgeable of Engineering mathematics, statistics and probability theory.
- Comfortable with using LINUX.
- Motivation to learn new topics.

What can you expect to learn?:

- How to work a multi-disciplinary engineering problem.
- Robotics, Filters, Estimators, Control, Computer Vision, GPU programming, ...
- Teamwork, Projectmanagement, Softwaredevelopment in a larger team and using version control.
- How to transfer an engineering problem from theory to practice.





Who should apply?

- Multiple subproblems \implies multiple specialties required!
- We are looking for self-motivated students that have a **background or interest** in:
 - Robotics & Control
 - 2 Machine Learning
 - 8 Computer Vision
 - 4 Softwareengineering, Programming, GPU programming
- So please tell us in the application what your interests are!







What is next?

- 06.07.2018 Closing of registration.
- 13.07.2018 Notification of accepted students.
- 20.07.2018 End of lectures SoSe 2018.
- 20.07.2018 First meeting for the selection of seminar topics.
- 01.10.2018 WiSe 2018/19 begins.
- Blockseminar 27.09.2018 02.10.2018 (Choose 2 days).







Questions?





